

This report provides a profile of the size and structure of the child population, and examines its socio-demographic and socio-economic characteristics. It also explores the situation of particularly vulnerable groups of children, including orphans and child-headed households.

The child population represents 48% of the total resident population. The population share of children is higher in rural areas (49%) than in urban areas (41%).

Children's share in the total resident population is over six percentage points below the level in the 1991 Census (54%). Thus, one starts to observe a shift in the age structure, following reductions in fertility rates and progress in terms of higher life expectancy.

### **Reference document (PDF)**

- [RPHC4\\_Children.pdf \(pdf, 6.72 MB\)](#)

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## **Data source**

### **Fourth Population and Housing Census - 2012**

[Save as PDF](#) 